

# **ASUC BY-LAWS**

## **Title XVIII Judicial Council**

### **ARTICLE I: INTENT**

- 1.1** These By-laws shall serve to clarify the definitions of malfeasance and dereliction of duty and ensure a fair proceeding for the removal of members of the Judicial Council.

### **ARTICLE II: GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL FROM OFFICE**

- 2.1 Malfeasance or dereliction of duty shall be defined as having committed on of the following acts:**

1. Disclosure of closed session deliberations.
2. Campaigning in ASUC elections while a member of the Council.
3. Engaging in bribery, according to established legal definitions, within the ASUC.
4. Engaging in extortion, according to established legal definitions, within the ASUC.
5. Failing to adhere to the established rules and procedures of the Council.
6. Conviction of a felony offense while a member of the Council.

### **ARTICLE III: PROCEDURE FOR REMOVAL**

- 3.1 Use of Votes as Evidence**

The individual decisions and/or opinions (“votes”) of a Council member may only be used as evidence when a member is charged with committing malfeasance under 2.1(3) or 2.1(4).

### **ARTICLE IV: SUSPENSION**

- 4.1** Title XIX shall not be suspended by the Senate.

Updated: June 18, 2007 – Jillian E. Hagan  
Verified: June 19, 2007 - Rosezetta E. Upshaw